## Online appendix

Appendix A. Structural differences between four regional organizations

Structural dimension	EC/EU	ASEAN	Mercosur	SADC(C)
Geographic macro- region	Europe	Asia	Latin America	Africa
Development levels (mean GDP per capita)	Industrialized (1,915 \$)	Industrialized, developing (10,467 \$)	Developing (4,515 \$)	Developing (1,438 \$)
Economic systems	Capitalist	Mixed (capitalist, communist)	Capitalist	Capitalist
Colonial history/power	No (colonizers)	Yes: France, Netherlands, England	Yes: Spain/Portugal	Yes: England
Power distribution	No hegemon	Hegemon (Indonesia)	Hegemon (Brazil)	No hegemon
Dominant regime type	Democratic	Mainly autocratic	Democratizing	Mixed (autocratic, democratizing)
Dominant legal system	Civil law	Mixed	Civil law	Mixed
Civilizational category (Huntington)	Western	Mixed (Islamic, Buddhist)	Latin American	African
Dominant religion	Christian	Islam, Buddhism	Christian	Christian, ethnic religions

*Note*: Where relevant, structural dimensions are measured in the year in which the governments adopted a common market goal (EU: 1957; ASEAN: 2003; Mercosur: 1991; SADC: 1993) *Source*: Own elaboration.

## **Appendix B.** Coding of delegation

## Delegation to the general secretariat

Delegation to the general secretariat is an additive nine-point scale.

- *Membership accession*. Is the secretariat authorized to vet, solicit, or negotiate membership of the IO (0, 1)?
- Constitutional amendments. Is the secretariat authorized to initiate or negotiate constitutional amendments (0, 1)?
- Substantive non-compliance. Is the secretariat authorized to initiate a formal proceeding against a member state in non-compliance with IO rules (0, 1)?
- Financial non-compliance. Is the secretariat authorized to initiate a formal proceeding against a member state in financial arrears (0, 1)?
- *Drafting the budget*. Is the secretariat authorized to (co-)draft the annual budget of the IO (0, 1)?
- *Policy initiation*. Is the secretariat authorized to propose one or more of the following: recommendations, resolutions, or declarations; programs or projects; laws, regulations, decisions, or directives; protocols or conventions (0, 1)?
- *Monopoly of policy initiation*. Is the role of the secretariat in initiating policy a) not mandated; b) mandated by the IO's founding document and shared with other bodies; c) anchored in the IO's founding document and exclusive (0, 0.5, 1)?
- Executive powers. Is the secretariat of the IO authorized to carry out executive functions, such as framing multi-year strategic plans, drafting policy, or turning general legislation into directives or executive orders (0, 1)?
- *Monopoly of executive powers*. Does the secretariat monopolize these powers or does it share them with another body (0, 1)?

## Delegation to judicial bodies

Judicial delegation is an additive six-point scale. The first five components are adopted from James McCall Smith (2000). The sixth dimension was added after consulting experts.

- Is there automatic right for third-party review of dispute (0, 0.5, 1)? A regional organization scores 1 if a member state can initiate litigation over the objections of the party litigated against (automatic right); and 0.5 if access to third party dispute settlement depends on the consent of a political body.
- *Is the composition of the tribunal ad hoc or standing* (0, 0.5, 1)? Regional organizations with a standing tribunal score 1; ad hoc tribunals score 0.5.
- Are rulings binding, conditionally binding or nonbinding (0, 0.5, 1)? Our assessment is based on explicit language in the treaty, convention or protocol that sets up the dispute settlement mechanism. Conditional bindingness is applicable when: a) a state consents ex ante to bindingness; b) or a state can register a derogation or exception; c) or a decision requires post hoc approval by a political body.
- Do non-state actors have access to dispute settlement (0, 1)? Under non-state actors are understood third-party international organizations, parliaments, trade, business or public interest groups, or individuals. Access means they can take a member state or a body of the regional organization to court for violation of rights that evolve from the contract.

- Can a remedy be imposed (0, 0.5, 1)? Regional organizations score 1 if rulings take direct effect, that is, they bind domestic courts to act; they score 0.5 if states are authorized to take retaliatory sanctions.
- Is there a preliminary ruling system (0, 0.5, 1)? Regional organizations score 1 if preliminary rulings are compulsory, that is, domestic courts must refer cases of potential conflict between national and supranational law to the supranational court or must abide by supranational rulings; and 0.5 if preliminary rulings are optional.